

# English Speaking Service DINH QUANG BUDDHIST TEMPLE

Saturday Morning, 9 a.m. Chanting & Meditation, followed by Dharma Discussion

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#### GUIDE TO THE SERVICE AND CHANTS

All of us at the Dinh Quang Buddhist Temple welcome you to the English language service. We are always pleased to have first time temple visitors and students with us.

Please select a floor cushion or chair for your seating. There is some physical movement in the service, including standing and bowing. You are welcome to participate as you are able, or to listen and observe. You will see that temple members participate to the level of their individual physical comfort.

The service includes chanting and meditation, followed by a Dharma teaching, discussion, or activity. This booklet guides us as we acknowledge our respect for the Buddha and his teachings and support one another in learning and applying the teachings to our lives. We will update it as we learn and add new elements to the service.

Meditation will be divided into sections, marked by inviting the bell to sound. During these divisions, you are welcome to mindfully stand, stretch, massage your feet, change postures, or make similar adjustments to your meditation. You may also enter or leave the Buddha Hall during these brief breaks. Meditation will begin again with the bell.

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Here are some terms you will hear during the service:

**Bodhisattva:** An enlightened being who forgoes Buddhahood out of compassion for other beings to assist them on their paths to enlightenment.

Buddha: The historical Shakyamuni Gautama Buddha.

**Dharma:** The collective teachings of the Buddha.

**Metta:** This word is often translated as "loving-kindness." It is the quality of goodwill toward one's self and others, leading to skillful living and insight. It is one of the four "Divine Abodes" in the Buddha's teaching.

Namo: This word has numerous translations, including "honor to, respect, homage to."

**Sangha:** Traditionally, the community of Buddhist Monks and Nuns. More recently, lay practitioners have also been included.

Sutra: A teaching of the Buddha.

# THE MEANINGS OF SOME OF THE ITEMS USED IN THE TEMPLE

**Incense:** Burning incense can represent the spreading of good ethics, morality and/or practicing the "middle path," one of the goals of Buddhist practice.

**Bells:** The sound of the bell has many meanings. We use it as a means to focus our minds before chanting, meditation or discussion. We also use it to begin and end our chants and to occasionally signify a key point or passage in a chant.

**Candles:** The lighted candle signifies the light of wisdom.

**Flowers:** Flowers symbolize impermanence and the cycle of life and death. From a seed in the earth they grow to become fragrant and beautiful. They progress to being scentless, withering and dying, returning to decay and nurture the earth for the next seed.

**Fruit:** Represents that all actions cause a result or effect.

Water: Represents purity, clarity and calmness, the goals we seek in practicing the teachings of the Buddha.

#### **BEGINNING THE SERVICE**

[Following the example of the monastics, we will form two lines facing each other. The large bell will be invited three times. When the small bell is then invited, we will bow to each other. We will then turn to face the Buddha image.

**Note:** Please enjoy waiting together for the bell to finish ringing throughout the service.]

## **OFFERING INCENSE**

[All, spoken]

In gratitude,
we offer this incense
To all Buddhas
and Bodhisattvas
Throughout space and time.
May it be fragrant
as Earth herself,
Reflecting our careful efforts,
Our wholehearted awareness,
And the fruit
of understanding,
Slowly ripening.

[Bell]

May we and all beings
be companions
Of Buddhas
and Bodhisattvas.
May we awaken
from forgetfulness
And realize our true home.

[Bell]

For the long-term fortune,
welfare and Happiness
of such benefactors, as our
Mothers, fathers, others,
and for ourselves,
We honor the
Buddha, Dharma,
And Sangha
with these offerings.

[Bell]

# **General Merit Intention**

[All, sung, 3 times]

May all beings have happiness;
May they be free from suffering;
May they find the joy that
has never known suffering;
May they be free from
attachment, aversion,
and hatred.

[Bell]

# **Special Merit Intentions**

[The leader will lead us in dedicating our merit on special occasions and times of need.]

Mindfulness of the Deceased
Friends, it is time to bring to mind [name of deceased] and to send the energy of loving kindness and compassion to them. Let us sit and enjoy our breathing for a moment, allowing [name of deceased] to be present with us now.

[Bell]

Mindfulness of the Sick and Suffering Friends, it is time to bring our loved ones to mind: those to whom we wish to send the healing energy of love and compassion. Let us sit and enjoy our breathing for a moment, offering our spiritual support and peace to [name(s)].

[Bell]

#### **PAYING HOMAGE**

[Standing next to your seat, follow the group to bow, or sit and observe. We will bow when the small bell is invited,

and then stand again when the small bell is awakened.]

[Leader]
I bow to the Buddha.

[All]

The one who shows me the way in life.

Namo Buddhaya.

[Bell]

[Leader]
I bow to the Dharma.

[All]

The way of understanding and love.

Namo Dharmaya. [Bell]

[Leader] I bow to the Sangha.

[A11]

The community that lives in harmony and awareness.

Namo Sanghaya.

[Bell]

[Sit, then chant together]

Namo tassa bhagavato arahato samma sambuddhassa.\*

[Repeat 14 times]

[Bell]

#### SUTRA OPENING VERSE

[Remain seated]

[Leader]

The Dharma is
deep and lovely.
We now have a chance
to see, study,
And to practice it.
We vow to realize
its true meaning. [Bell]

[The leader will announce the name of the sutra we will be chanting.]

# KARANIYA METTA SUTRA (The Buddha's Words on Loving Kindness)

[Leader]
Now let us chant the
Buddha's words on
loving-kindness.

[All]

This is what should be done
By one who is
skilled in goodness,
And who knows
the path of peace:

Let them be able and upright, Straightforward and gentle in speech, Humble and not conceited, Contented and easily satisfied, Unburdened with duties and frugal in their ways. Peaceful and calm, and wise and skillful, Not proud or demanding in nature. Let them not do the slightest thing That the wise would later reprove. [Bell]

Wishing: In gladness
and in safety,
May all beings be at ease.
Whatever living beings
there may be;
Whether they are
weak or strong,
omitting none,
The great or the mighty,
medium, short or small,
The seen and the unseen,
Those living near and far away,
Those born and to be born —
May all beings be at ease!
[Bell]

Let none deceive another,
Or despise any being
in any state.
Let none through anger
or ill-will
Wish harm upon another.

Even as a mother protects
with her life
Her child, her only child,
So with a boundless heart
Should one cherish
all living beings.
Radiating kindness over
the entire world:
Spreading upwards

to the skies,
And downwards to the depths;
Outwards and unbounded,
Freed from hatred and ill-will.
[Bell]

Whether standing or walking, seated or lying down,
Free from drowsiness,
One should sustain this recollection.
This is said to be the sublime abiding.
By not holding to fixed views,
The pure-hearted one, having clarity of vision,
Being freed from all sense desires,
Is not born again into this world.

[Bell]

# THE HEART OF PERFECT UNDERSTANDING SUTRA

[Leader] Maha Prajna Paramita Hridaya Sutra

[All]
Avalokitesvara Bodhisattva
When practicing deeply
The Prajna Paramita
Perceived that all five skandhas
Are empty and is saved
From all suffering
And distress.

Shariputra, form does not differ
From emptiness;
Emptiness does not differ
From form.
That which is form is emptiness
That which is emptiness
Is form.
The same is true of feelings,
Perceptions, impulses,

Shariputra, all dharmas
Are marked with emptiness.
They do not appear
Or disappear,
Are not tainted or pure,
Do not increase or decrease.

Consciousness.

Therefore, in emptiness No Form, no feelings, Perceptions, Impulses, Consciousness. No eyes, no ears, no nose, No tongue, no body, no mind; No color, no sound, no smell, No taste, no touch; No object of mind, No realm of eyes And so forth until No realm of Mind consciousness. No ignorance and also No Extinction of it, and so forth, Until no old age and death and Also no extinction of them.

No suffering, no origination, No stopping, no path, No cognition, also No attainment with Nothing to attain.

The Bodhisattva depends
On Prajna Paramita and
The mind is no hindrance.
Without any hindrance
No fears exist.

Far apart from every perverted View one dwells in Nirvana. In the three times all Buddhas Depend on Prajna Paramita And attain Anuttara Samyak Sambodhi.

Therefore know that
Prajna Paramita
Is the great
Transcendent Mantra,
Is the great bright mantra,
Is the utmost mantra,
Is the supreme mantra,
Which is able to relieve
All suffering and
Is true, not false.
So proclaim the
Prajna Paramita mantra,
Proclaim the mantra
Which says:

Gate gate paragate
Parasamgate bodhi svaha\*\*
Gate gate paragate
Parasamgate bodhi svaha
Gate gate paragate
Parasamgate bodhi svaha
[Bell]

## PRE-MEDITATION MANTRA

[All]
Om Ma Ni Pad Me Hum+
[Repeat 14 times]

[Bell]

#### SILENT MEDITATION

[We will meditate in two sections. After 20 minutes, a bell will sound. Please feel welcome to make any need adjustments during this interval. The bell will sound again to begin the next 15 minutes of meditation.]

[To begin sitting meditation, partially close your eyes and relax your body. Sit in such a way that you are stable and alert, neither rigid nor slouched. Set an intention of which to be mindful, such as "May I be well and free from suffering."

Now bring a gentle but persistent attention to the natural rhythm and sensation of your breath. If your mind wanders, try silently repeating a mantra, a favorite prayer or poem, or a similar phrase as you return to the breath. For example, you may recite the words, "Present Moment" on the in-breath and "Wonderful Moment" on the out-breath. Continue like this as you practice dwelling deeply in the present moment.]

[After meditating, take a moment to wake up your body.]

### THE THREE REFUGES

[Remain seated.]

[Leader] To the Buddha

[All]

I return and rely, Vowing that all living beings, Profoundly understand, The Great Way, And bring forth the bodhi mind. Buddham saranam gacchami.++

[Bell]

[Leader] To the Dharma

[All]

I return and rely, Vowing that all living beings, Deeply enter, The Sutra Treasures, And have wisdom like the sea. Dharmam saranam gacchami.^ [Bell]

[Leader]
To the Sangha

[Bell]

# **CLOSING MANTRA**

Namo A Di Da Phat ^^^

[Repeat 14 times]

[Bell]

[Bell]

[Bow]

# [All]

I return and rely,

Vowing that all living beings,

Form together,

A great assembly,

In harmony without obstructions.

Sangham saranam gacchami.^^

[Bell]

#### **SHARING THE MERIT**

[Remain seated.]

[All, sung, 3 times]

May all beings be well. May all beings be happy. May all beings be peaceful. [This completes the chanting and meditation service. At the conclusion, a brief reading will be given, followed by an expression of gratitude.

Afterwards, students and inquirers are invited to remain in the Buddha Hall to ask questions about the service. For others, you are welcome to join us for a dharma discussion or activity in the

teaching hall.]

#### **NOTES**

- ++ Buddham Saranam Gachami means "I go to the Buddha as my refuge."
- ^ Dharman Saranam Gachami means "I go to the Dharma as my refuge."
- ^^ Sangham Saranam Gachami means "I go to the Sangha as my refuge."
- Namo A Di Da Phat is the Vietnamese translation of the homage to Amitābha Buddha. The phrase literally means "Homage to Infinite Light."

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Namo Tassa Bhagavato Arahato Samma Sambuddhasa" can be translated as

<sup>&</sup>quot;Homage to the Blessed, Noble, and Perfectly Enlightened One."

<sup>\*\*&</sup>quot;Gone, gone, gone beyond, gone utterly beyond, Enlightenment hail!"

<sup>+</sup>Om and Hum are common mystical mantras, without conceptual meaning. Mani means jewel; Padme means lotus. The mantra thus unites both wisdom (lotus) and compassion (jewel). Some scholars also translate ManiPadma as a proper name, Jewel-Lotus One, an invocation of Avalokitesvara.

#### **For Further Study:**

#### **Sutras & Texts:**

Access to Insight: <a href="http://www.accesstoinsight.org/">http://www.accesstoinsight.org/</a>
Buddha Sutras: <a href="http://www.buddhasutra.com/">http://www.buddhasutra.com/</a>
Reading Faithfully: <a href="https://readingfaithfully.org/">https://readingfaithfully.org/</a>

Sutta Readings: <a href="http://www.suttareadings.net/index.html">http://www.suttareadings.net/index.html</a>

#### Monasteries, Temples, & Practice Centers:

Abhayagiri Monastery: <a href="http://www.abhayagiri.org/home/">http://www.abhayagiri.org/home/</a>

City of 10,000 Buddhas: <a href="http://www.cttbusa.org/">http://www.cttbusa.org/</a>
Dong Hung Temple: <a href="http://www.buddhistedu.org/">http://www.buddhistedu.org/</a>

Magnolia Grove Monastery: <a href="https://magnoliagrovemonastery.org/">https://magnoliagrovemonastery.org/</a>

Plum Village: <a href="https://plumvillage.org/">https://plumvillage.org/</a>

Sati Center for Buddhist Studies: <a href="http://www.sati.org/">http://www.sati.org/</a> Tisarana Buddhist Monastery: <a href="https://tisarana.ca/">https://tisarana.ca/</a>

#### **Teachers & Authors:**

Audio Dharma: <a href="http://audiodharma.org/">http://audiodharma.org/</a>
BuddhaNet: <a href="http://www.buddhanet.net/">http://www.buddhanet.net/</a>
Dharma Seed: <a href="http://dharmaseed.org/">http://dharmaseed.org/</a>

Dhamma Talks: <a href="https://www.dhammatalks.org/">https://www.dhammatalks.org/</a>

Pure Land Center & Buddhist Library: <a href="https://www.amitabhalibrary.org/">https://www.amitabhalibrary.org/</a>

Wisdom Publications: <a href="http://www.wisdompubs.org/">http://www.wisdompubs.org/</a> Pema Chodron: <a href="http://pemachodronfoundation.org/">http://pemachodronfoundation.org/</a>

Forest Sangha Publications: <a href="http://forestsanghapublications.org/books.php">http://forestsanghapublications.org/books.php</a>



#### **TEMPLE CONTACT INFORMATION:**

**Monk:** Venerable Thich Thong Chánh is the leader of Dinh Quang Buddhist Temple and the English Language service. We often address him as "Thay," which means "teacher" and is an acceptable salutation for all of the monks. The Venerable is available to meet with you by appointment. You can reach him directly at: 417-719-8454.

Teresa, Alice, and David are also available for questions related to the English Speaking Service. You can reach David directly at: 417-893-0036.

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The revision date of this booklet is March 2018. Your questions and comments are welcomed.